Consumer attitudes on the use of TTI for monitoring fresh meat

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Two studies were performed

- Consumer attitudes towards the TTI indicator as label on fresh meat
 - **-** 2004
 - Greece, Ireland, Netherlands and Sweden
 - 200 consumers in each country
 - TTI ranging from green to yellow





- Acceptance levels of TTI and packaged meat quality
 - -2005
 - Greece, Netherlands and Sweden
 - 150 consumers in each country
 - TTI ranging from green -yellow red



Consumer surveys

Consumer attitudes

X

Recruitment and Background

Knowledge and opinions of fresh packaged meat

X

X

Opinions about labelling X

Attitudes TTI

X

X

Choice of labelling

Acceptance levels

X

X

Acceptance level





The respondent

- Should not be working with food
- Be the main grocery shopper of the household
- Buy packaged fresh meat once a month or more often





Presentation of the consumers



- Almost all consumers bought food more than once a week
- The main part of the consumers were 50 years or younger
 - ranging from 18 to 70 years
- The respondents were mainly women
 - 60% to 88% women in the different countries
- Almost 50% of the respondents had no children living in the household.
- Almost 50% had 1 or 2 children in the household
- Two adults in most households
- High education levels.
 - Most respondents were educated at high school or university



Knowledge and opinion about packaged meat

| Strongly disagree | | | | | | | | | Strongly agree | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------------|----|-----|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| I always find the information I need on a meat package | | | | | | | | | | | |
| I always look at the use- by (or best-before) date label | | | | | | | | | | | |
| I want to be able to visually check the visual freshness of the meat | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Six more statements | | | | | | | | | | | Sik |

Knowledge and opinion about fresh packaged meat and labelling

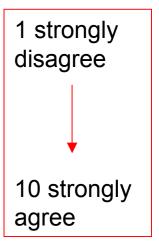
- The consumers
 - find the information they need on the package
 - always look at the date label
 - want to be able to visually check the freshness
 - always store the meat cold and know that fresh meat left out of the refrigerator will lose freshness
- It is more common in Greece, Sweden and Ireland to smell the meat to assess freshness before use, than it is in the Netherlands
- The Greek consumers do not trust the chill chain as much as they do in the other countries. The consumers in Netherlands are most confident

Opinions about labelling of fresh packaged meat



The consumers

- know well how to read the date label
- regard the date label as a guide
- are strongly affected by the date label when purchasing
- strongly need information of freshness on the package of fresh meat
- trust the date label
 - NL, IRE: median 10
 - SE, GR: median 8
- use both date label and smell the meat before cooking
 - GR: median 10
 - SE: median 8
 - NL, IRE: median 6
- would use the meat after the date has expired if the meat looks and smells fresh
 - SE: median 7
 - GR: median 1





Consumers attitudes towards TTI

- The TTI concept is not known
 - GR: higher score 2005 (4) then in 2004 (1.5)
- The consumers found it easy to understand the TTI information
- The TTI gave more information than if only the date label was used
- The presence of the TTI gave more confidence in the product freshness
- The consumers prefer to buy a product with a known state of freshness
- Only few consumers thought that the information given by the TTI was confusing when used together with the date label.
 - mainly in Greece and hardly at all in Sweden





Consumers attitudes towards TTI

- The willingness of paying a premium for the TTI differed between the countries.
 - In Greece the willingness was high, but not in the other countries. In the Netherlands the willingness was very low.
- The consumers did not prefer to purchase products only labelled with date



Preference

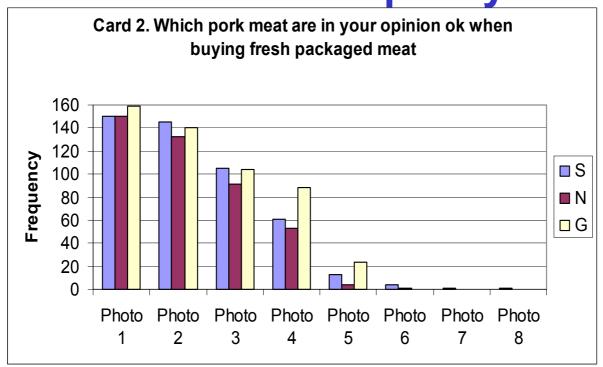
- The consumers prefer to buy the product with the TTI label
 - GR mean 9.0-9,4
 - SE mean 7,9-8.1
 - NL mean 5,9-7.2
 - IRE mean 8,3
- Willing to pay a premium?
 - Yes: GR (median 8)
 - No: NL (median 1)







Consumer acceptance levels of meat quality

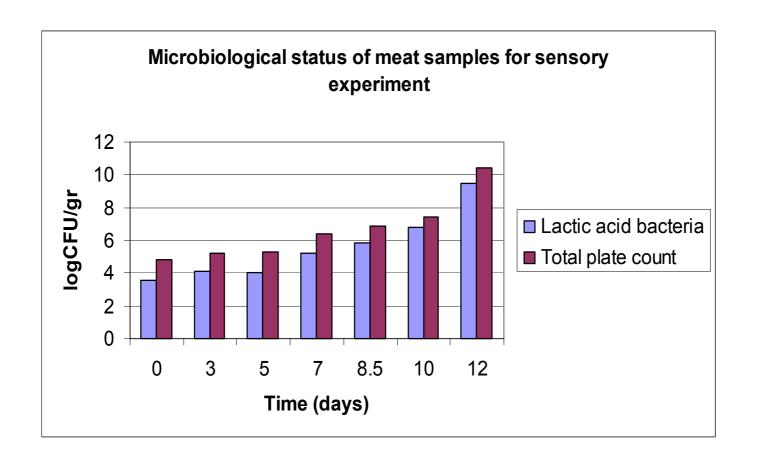






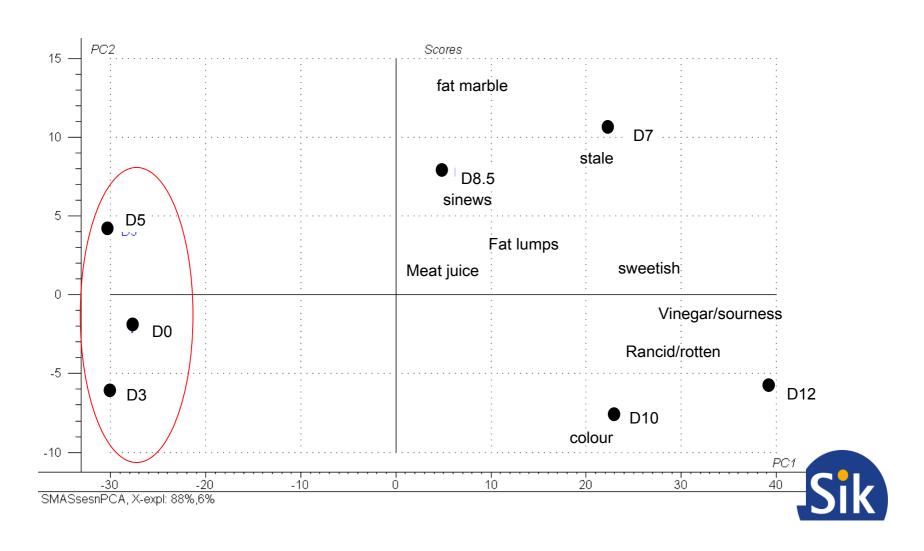


Status of the meat samples

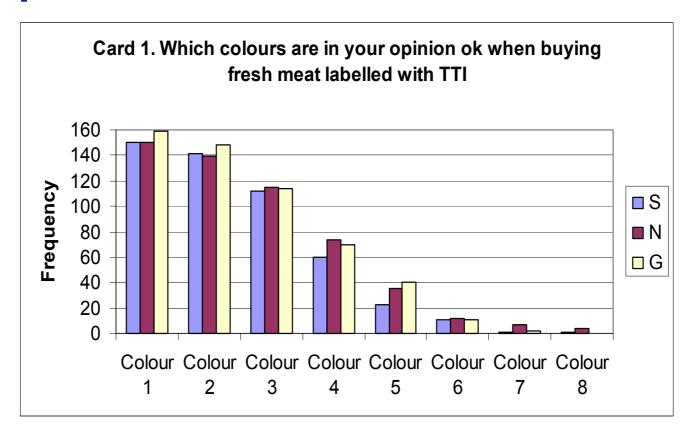




Quality assessed by sensory panel



Acceptance levels of TTI







Conclusions



- The consumers in Greece, Sweden, Ireland and Netherlands are well aware of the freshness of fresh packaged meat
- Information of freshness is needed and wanted
- A majority of the consumers are positive to TTI labelling
- Most consumers are not willing to pay extra for the TTI labelling
- The acceptance levels of TTI colour and freshness of packaged meat are connected